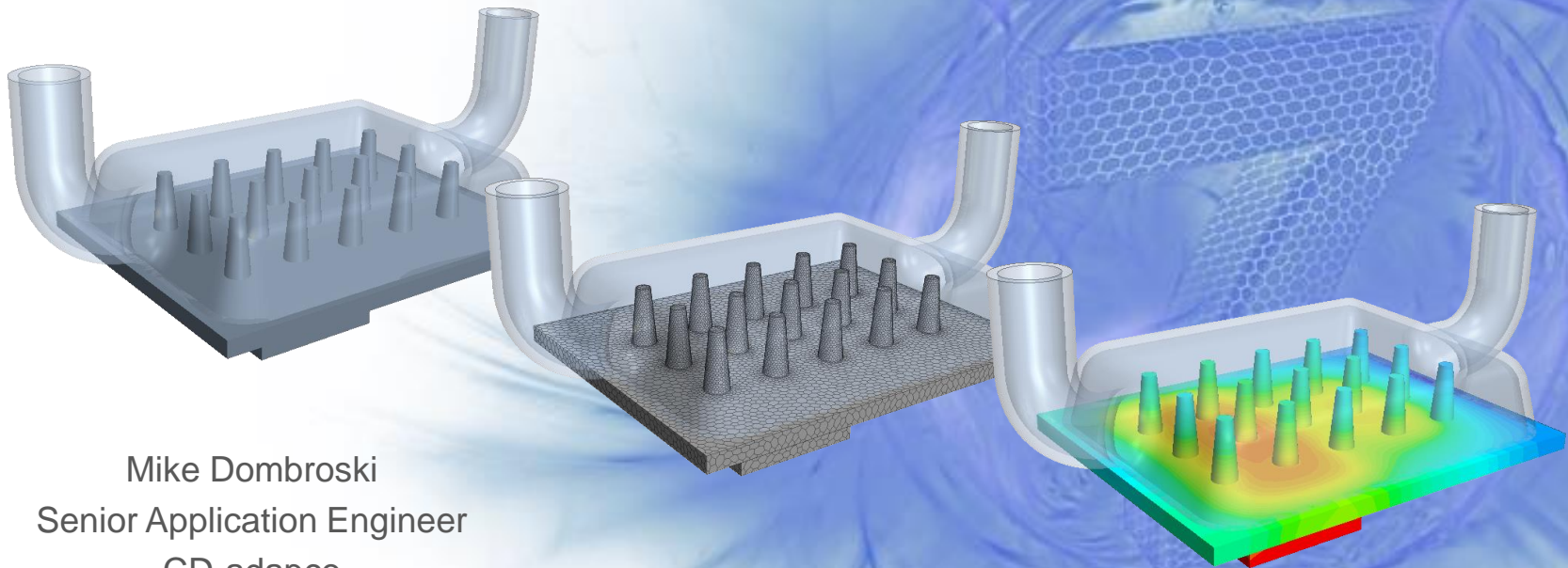


**OPTIMIZE
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Electronic Cooling Optimization

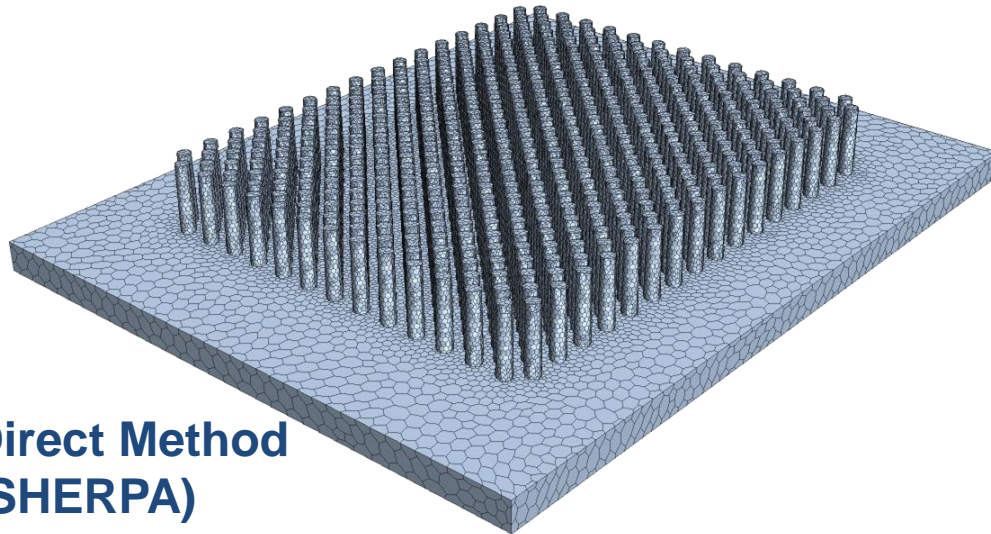
Comparing Search Methods



Mike Dombroski
Senior Application Engineer
CD-adapco
October 2012

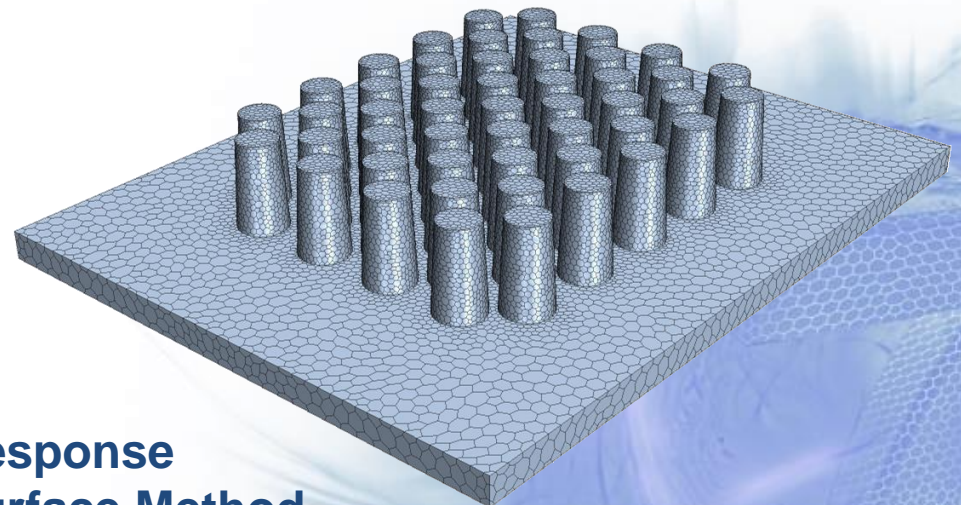
STAR-CCM+ v7

Results – Best Designs

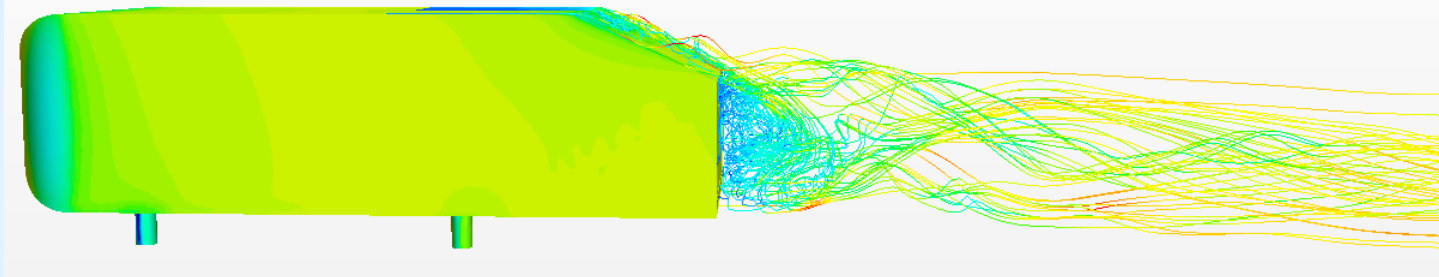


**Direct Method
(SHERPA)**

**SHERPA found 4x as many
feasible designs and best
solution is 10% better than
that found with RSM**



**Response
Surface Method**

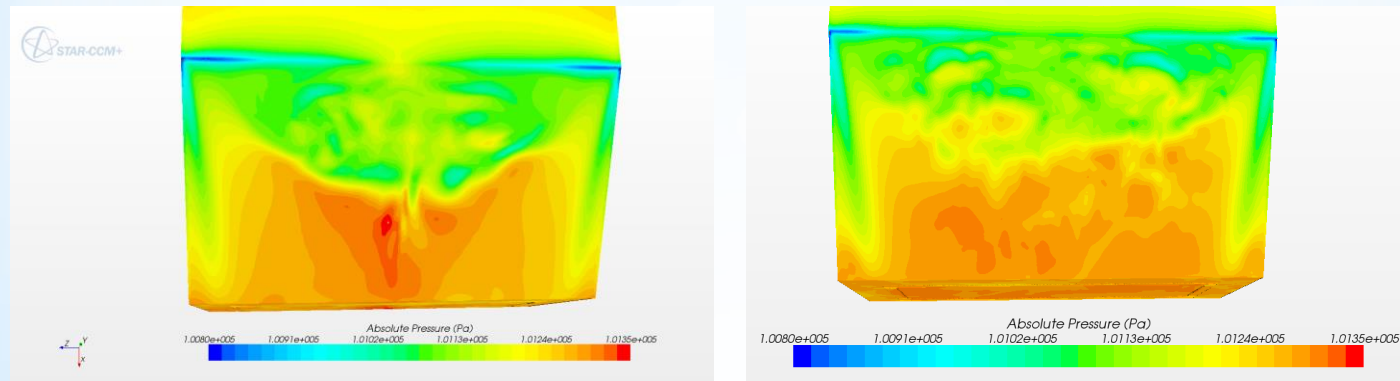


Utilizing High Velocity Jets for Wake Refinement in Ground Vehicles

Domenic Barsotti
MSME

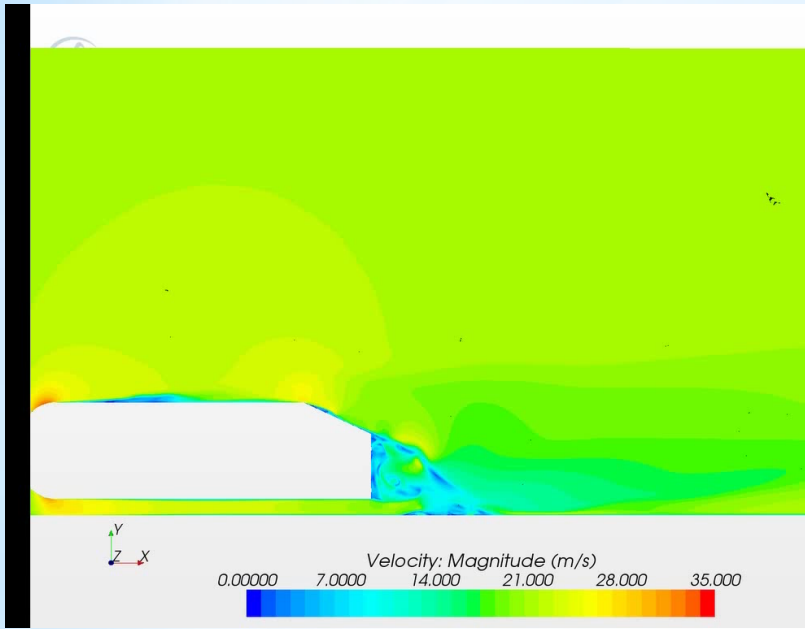
Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University

- * Averaged Cd = 0.316 (12% reduction)
- * Jet velocity of 10.28 m/s

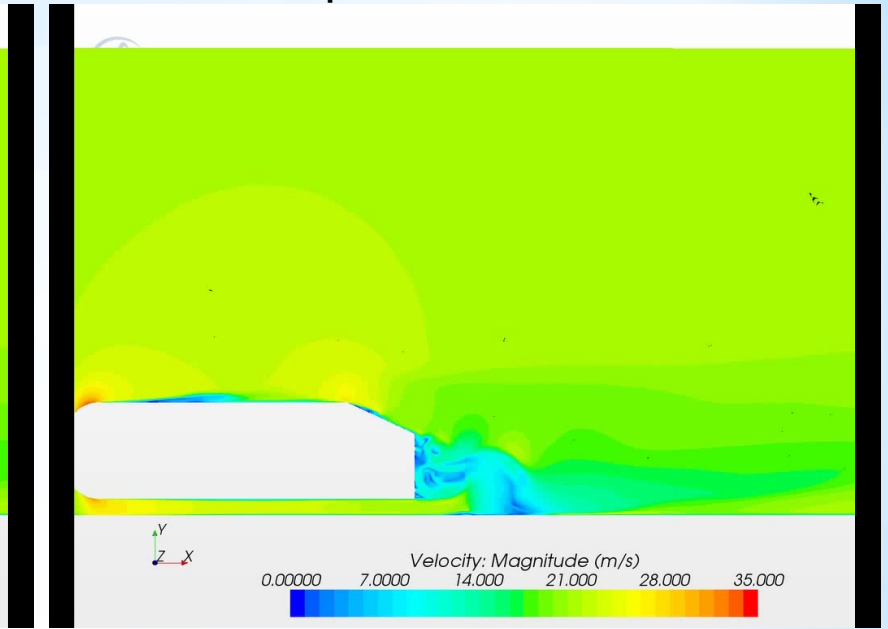


Optimized Results

No Jets



Optimized Jets



Optimized Results



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Light Weight Design Optimization of Vehicle BIW, Strategy and Application

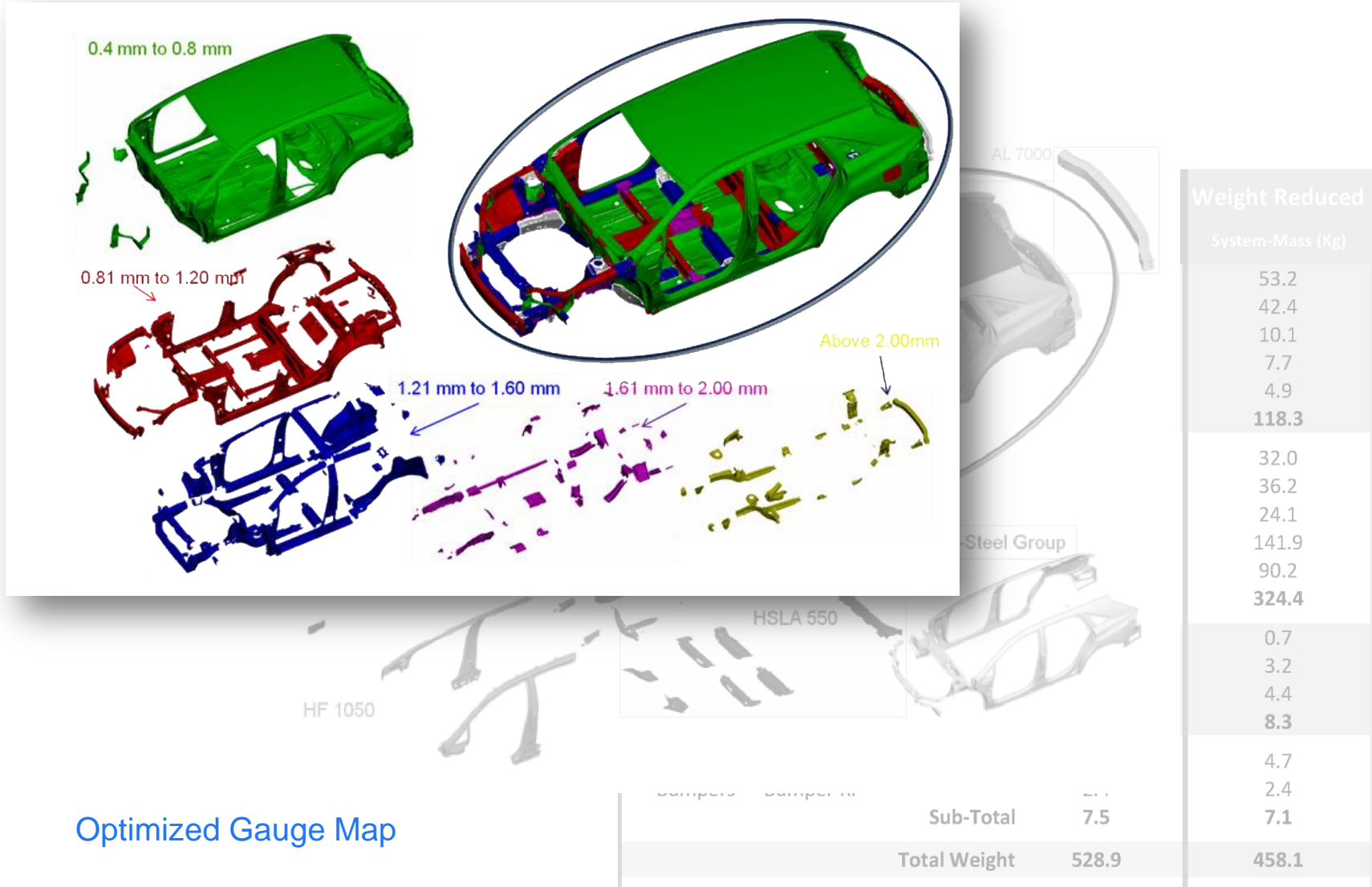


Velayudham Ganesan
Program Manager, EDAG Inc.
October 2012

Javier Rodríguez
Director Vehicle Integration, EDAG Inc.

Optimized Model

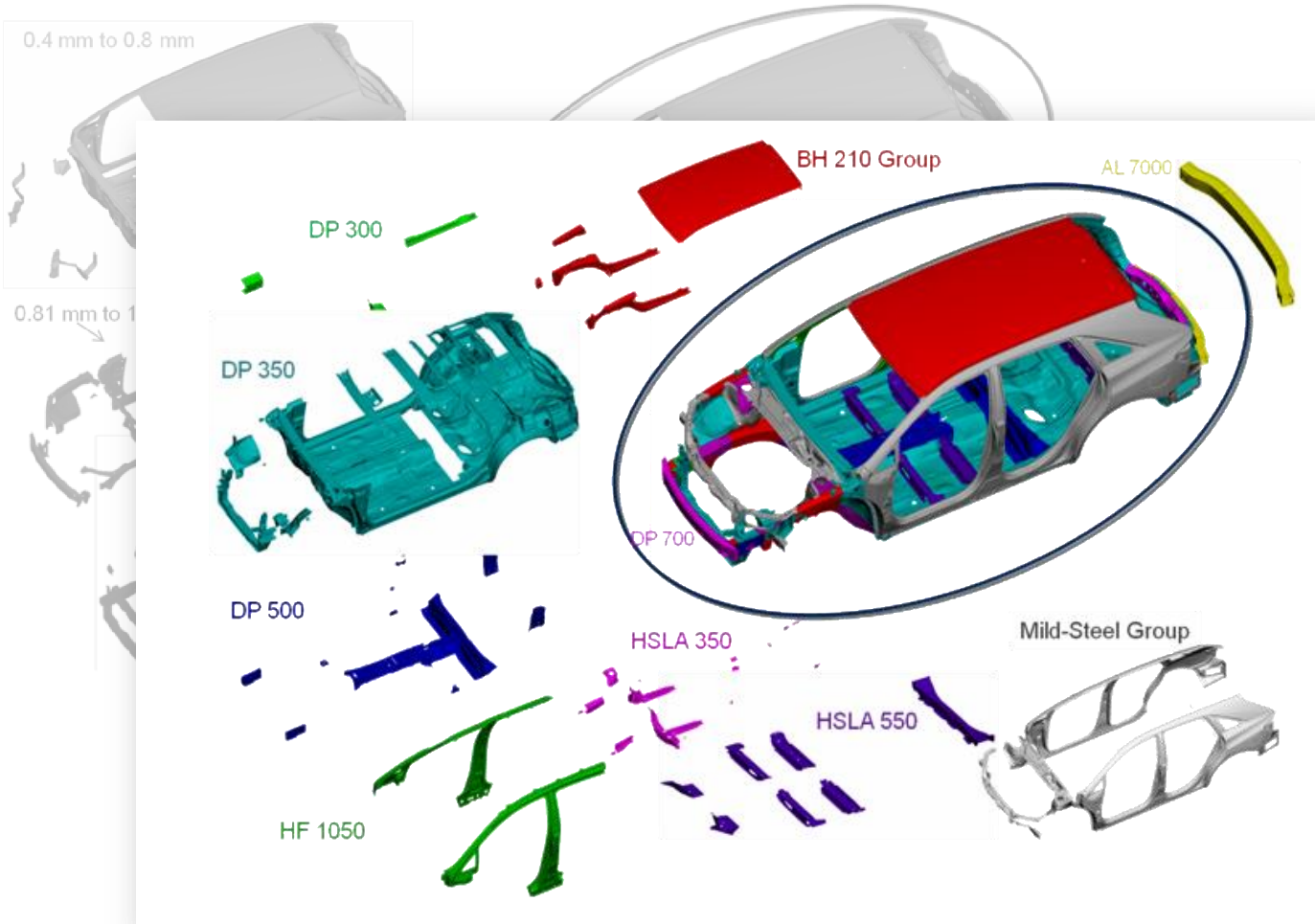
System Weights and Materials



Optimized Gauge Map

Optimized Model

System Weights and Materials (Cont.)

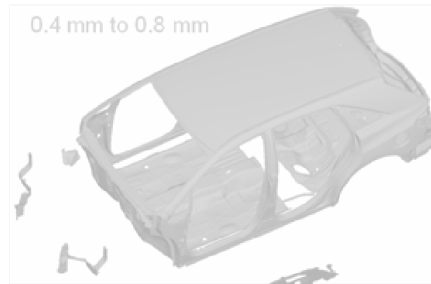


Weight Reduced	
System-Mass (Kg)	
53.2	
42.4	
10.1	
7.7	
4.9	
118.3	
32.0	
36.2	
24.1	
141.9	
90.2	
324.4	
0.7	
3.2	
4.4	
8.3	
4.7	
2.4	
7.1	
Sub-Total	7.5
Total Weight	528.9
	458.1

Optimized Material Map

Optimized Model

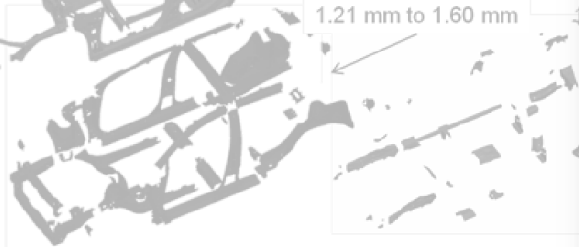
System Weights and Materials



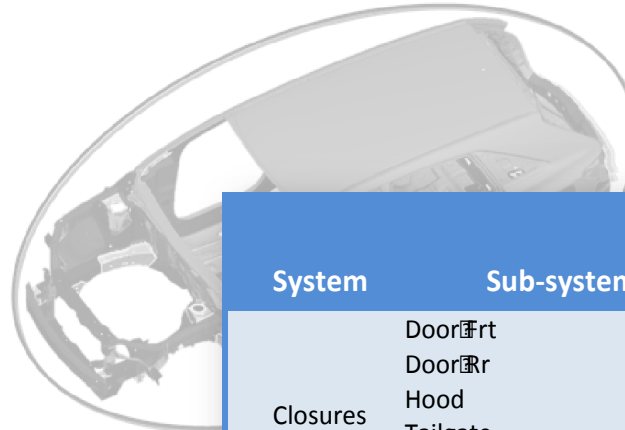
0.81 mm to 1.20 mm



1.21 mm to 1.60 mm



HF 1050



AL 7000

System	Sub-system	Baseline System-Mass (Kg)	Weight Reduced System-Mass (Kg)
Closures	Door Frt	53.2	53.2
	Door Rr	42.4	42.4
	Hood	17.8	10.1
	Tailgate	15	7.7
	Fenders	6.8	4.9
	Sub-Total		135.2
BIW	Underbody Assembly	40.2	32.0
	Front Structure	42.0	36.2
	Roof Assembly	31.3	24.1
	Bodyside Assembly	161.9	141.9
	Ladder Assembly	102.6	90.2
Sub-Total		378	324.4
BIW Extra	Radiator Vertical Support	0.7	0.7
	Compartment Extra	4.4	3.2
	Shock Tower Xmbri Plates	3.1	4.4
Sub-Total		8.2	8.3
Bumpers	Bumper Frt	5.1	4.7
	Bumper Rr	2.4	2.4
Sub-Total		7.5	7.1
Total Weight		528.9	458.1

13.4 % mass savings

Optimized Sub-Systems Weights

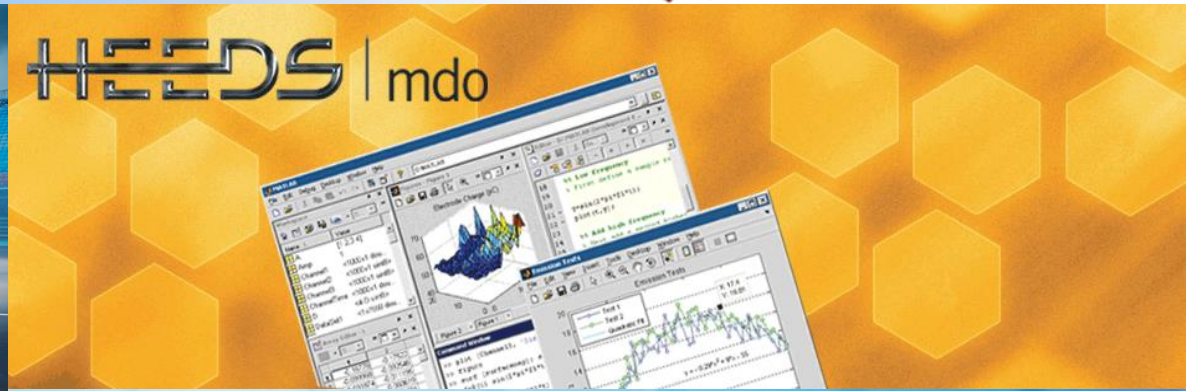
CAE Value AB

Using HEEDS to Drive Auto-correlation of Suspension Elastokinematics

David Fredriksson Johnny Engström Gabriel Palmenäs

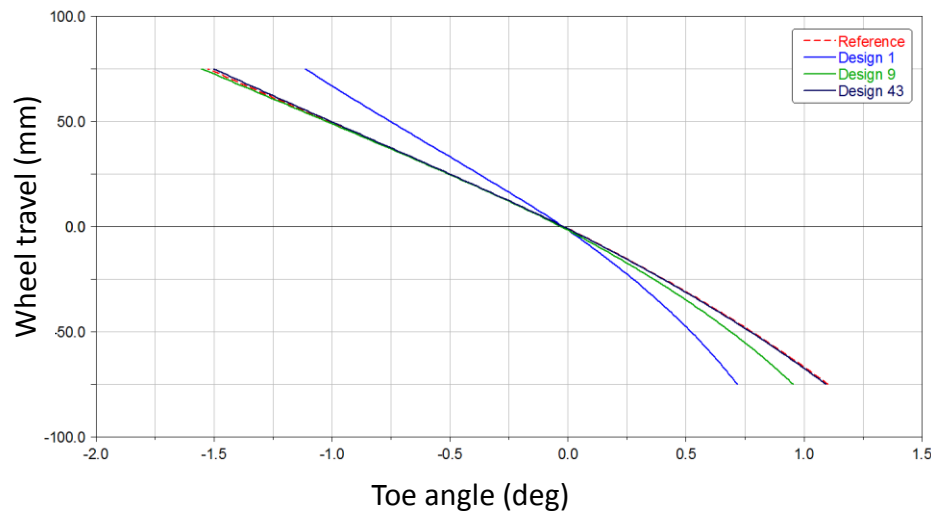


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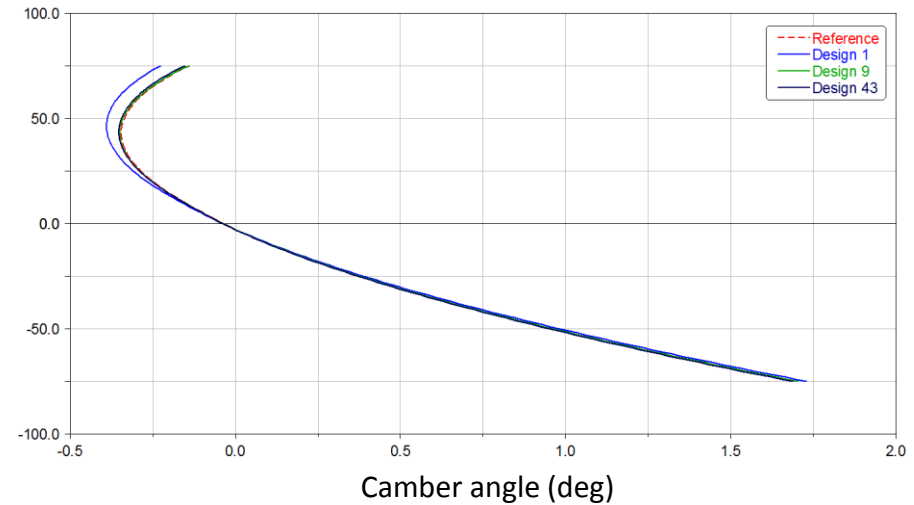


Results – Parallel wheel travel

- Toe



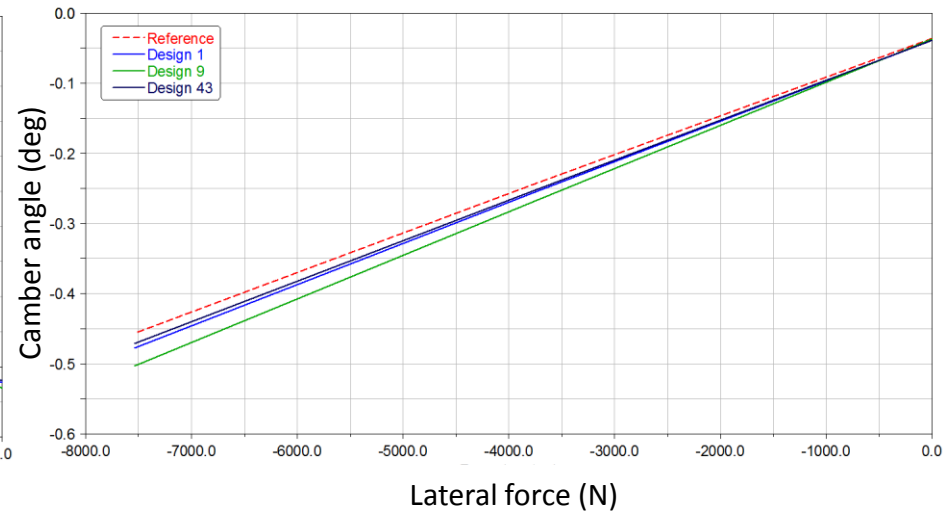
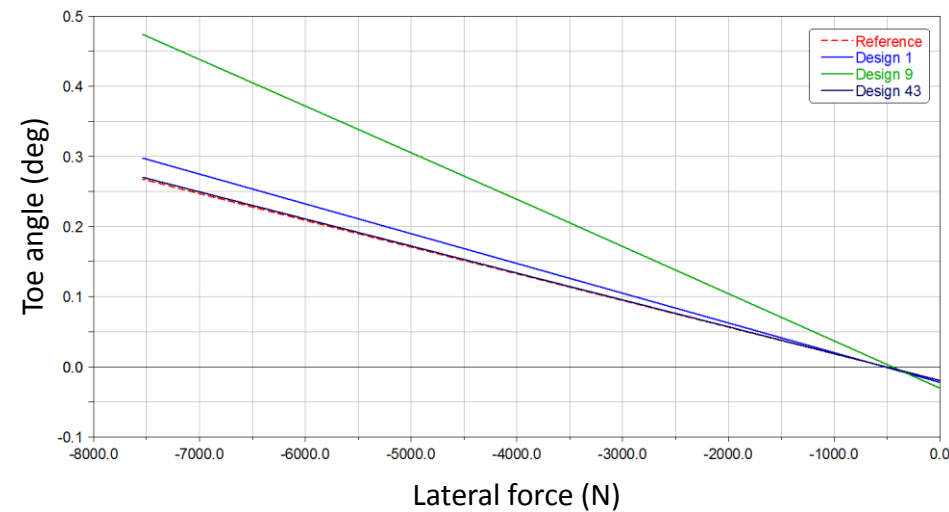
- Camber



Results – Cornering force

- Toe

- Camber



Results

	Reference	Design 1	Design 43	Diff Design 1	Diff Design 43	Improvement
Toe @ max bump	-1.5271	-1.1156	-1.5035	0.4115	0.0236	94.3%
Toe grad @ 0	-0.0191	-0.0222	-0.0197	-0.0031	-0.0006	80.6%
Toe @ max rebound	1.1026	0.7174	1.0945	-0.3852	-0.0081	97.9%
Camber @ max bump	-0.1389	-0.2265	-0.1528	-0.0876	-0.0139	84.1%
Camber grad @ 0	-0.0126	-0.0134	-0.0127	-0.0008	-0.0001	87.5%
Camber @ max rebound	1.6867	1.7295	1.6873	0.0428	0.0006	98.6%

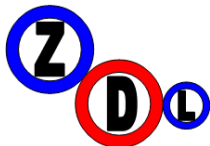


**Delivering race winning
performance with HEEDS[®] MDO and
VI-MotorSport**

David Ewbank
Zouch Dynamics Ltd

Conclusions

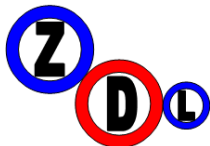
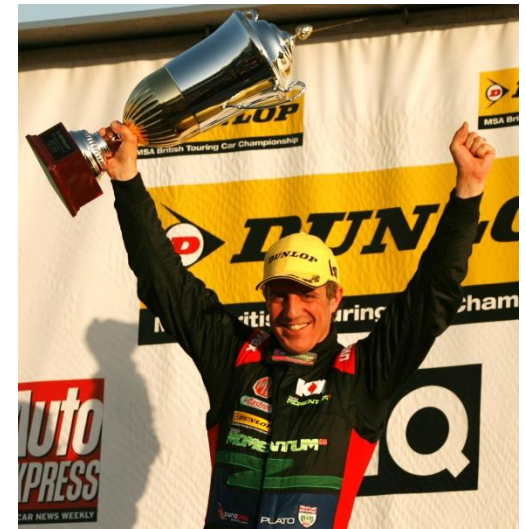
- MG KX Momentum Racing has exceeded its ambitions in 2012 and is currently challenging for the drivers championship
- Use of HEEDS®MDO and VI-MotorSport have played a key part in this success
- Setup guidance provided to team, based on hundreds of HEEDS®MDO and VI-MotorSport simulation evaluations, has proven to be a valuable replacement for past knowledge
- Results from simulation have translated into success on the track without undertaking expensive correlation exercises
- Enabled quick evaluation of development ideas, particularly those requiring unconventional car setup
- Methods used with MG KX Momentum Racing can just as easily be applied by other teams and different race series and be equally effective



Jason Plato on Silverstone 2012

“Despite the retirement in race two this is still one of the best days in my BTCC career. We’ve made more progress with our MG6 – in fact it’s a rocketship – and our tails are well and truly in the air. For MG to go into the final round with a chance of lifting the title in its first year back in the championship is fantastic and I really believe we’ve got the Honda boys worried.”

Jason Plato, Driver at MG KX Momentum Racing.





Development of Multidisciplinary Design Optimization Process for a Large Scale Hybrid Composite Wind Turbine Blade

Jin Woo Lee^{*}, Sathya Gangadharan[§], Maj Mirmirani[†], Somanath Nagendra[‡]

*** Graduate Student, The University of Toledo, Toledo, Ohio**

§ Professor of Mechanical Engineering, Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University, Daytona Beach, Florida

† Dean of College of Engineering, Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University, Daytona Beach, Florida

‡ Pratt and Whitney Jet Engines, United technologies Corporation, East Hartford, Connecticut

Optimum Design

Responses	Baseline Design	Optimum Design	% difference
Performance Rate	-0.345138	-0.131959	61.77
Blade Length (in)	337	5526.8	1540.00
Weight (lb)	251.434	1446963.488	575384.39
Annual Energy Production (kWh)	432270	116263408	26796.00
Power Production Rate (\$/kW)	1335.22	2644.95	98.09
20 Years Lifetime Profit (\$)	888564.88	221605642.73	24839.73

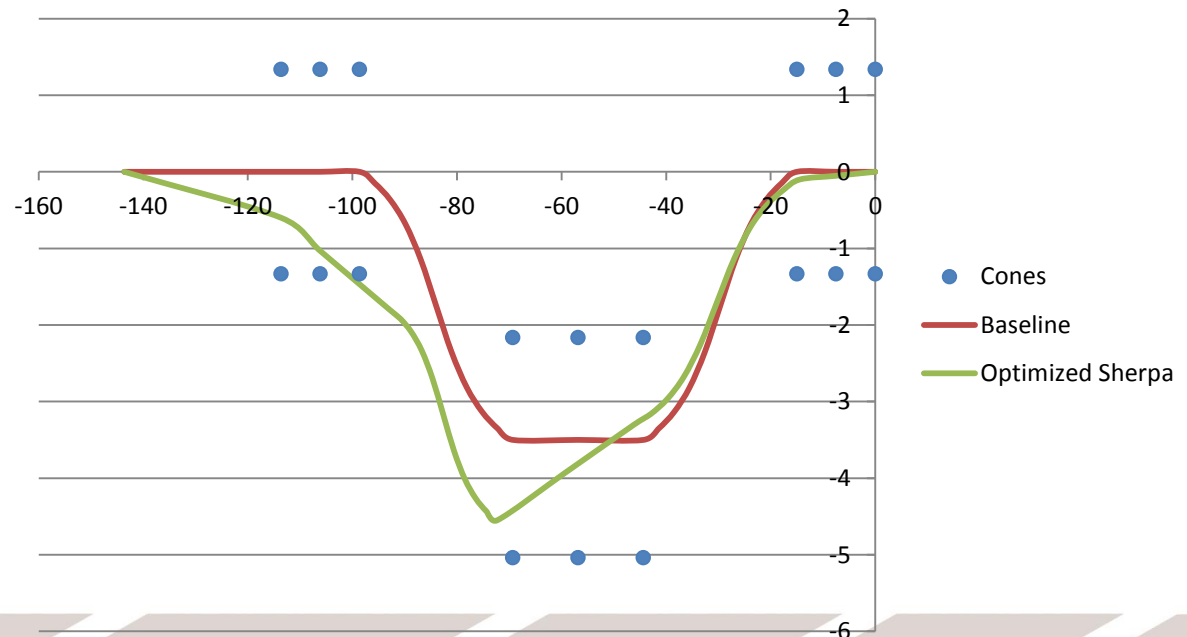
Design Variables		Baseline Design				Optimum Design			
Scale Factor		1				16.4			
Root Fitting		0.154792				0.755			
Thickness (in)	Spar	Glass Fiber		Carbon Fiber		Glass Fiber		Carbon Fiber	
		0		0		2.749		3.203	
	Station	Top		Bottom		Top		Bottom	
		Glass Fiber	Carbon Fiber	Glass Fiber	Carbon Fiber	Glass Fiber	Carbon Fiber	Glass Fiber	Carbon Fiber
	1	0.375	0	0.375	0	1.571	0	1.528	2.7
	2	0	0.0591	0	0.0591	6.388	1.237	6.383	2.336
	3	0	0.093575	0	0.093575	3.34	0.96	4.82	0.588
	4	0	0.123125	0	0.123125	5.423	0	1.553	0.328
	5	0	0.10835	0	0.10835	2.649	0.227	0.974	0.13
	6	0	0.083725	0	0.083725	1.519	0.167	0.916	4.25
	7	0	0.083725	0	0.083725	1.299	0.054	1.603	0.115
	8	0	0.064025	0	0.064025	4.925	1.04	1.562	1.449
	9	0	0.044325	0	0.044325	0.42	0.188	0.122	1.742
	10	0	0.044325	0	0.044325	1.885	0.5	3.576	1.441
11	0	0.034475	0	0.034475	3.262	0.692	0.282	0.39	
12	0	0.034475	0	0.034475	3.504	0.533	0.915	1.822	
13	0	0	0	0	4.058	0.168	2.247	0.353	

Path Optimization using ADAMS/Car and HEEDS/MDO

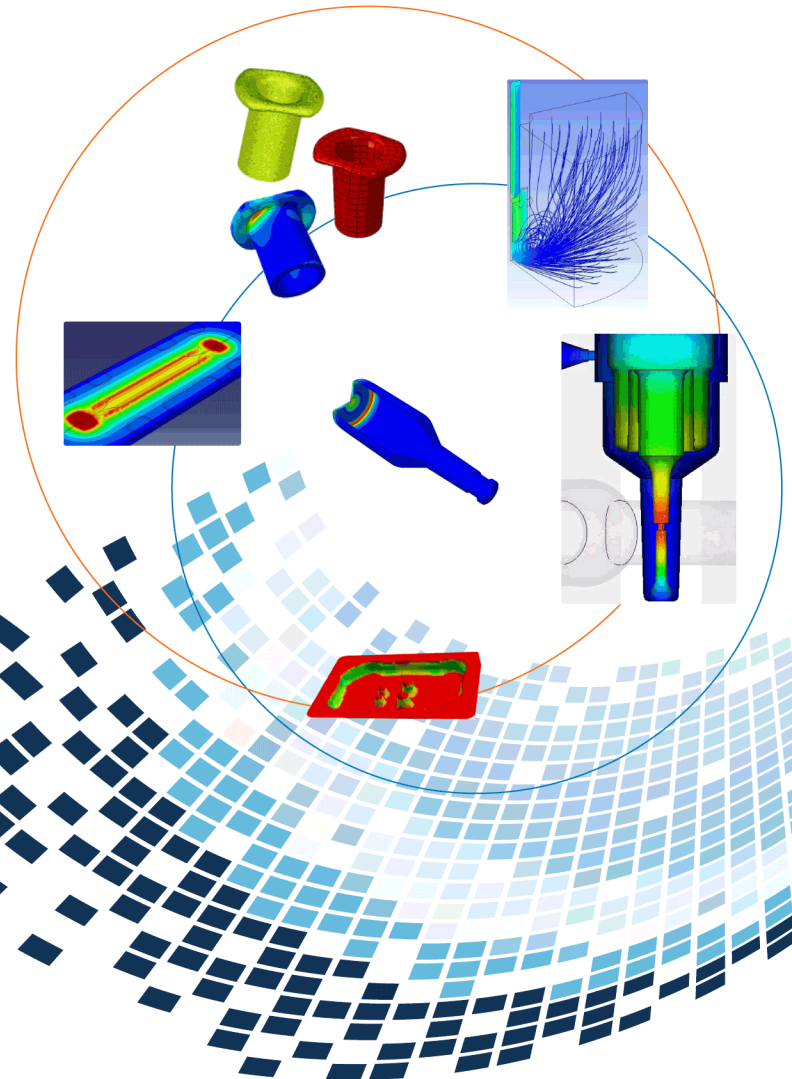
Jesper Slattengren
Manager, Modeling & Simulation
Pratt & Miller Engineering
jslat@prattmiller.com

Different problem (cont.)

- Starting from “nominal trajectory”
- QP or Simplex did not converge, solution too far off from baseline
- SHERPA found a solution in 149 evaluations



Design of a Snap-Fit Mechanism Using Finite Element Analysis (FEA) in Combination with SHERPA



**Arun Nair, Anita Bestelmeyer, Sandeep
Tripathi**

BD

Ranny Sidhu (Red Cedar Technology)

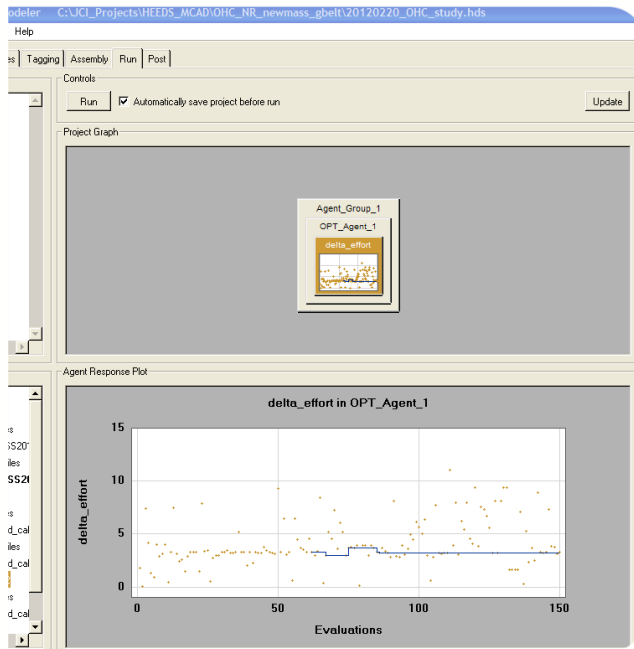
International HEEDS User Conference

Detroit, October 2012

Conclusions

- The final product design has been launched successfully and resulted in significant cost savings, in the order of millions of dollars.
- This design effort was extensively guided by non-linear FEA based optimization using HEEDS and SHERPA.
- Following this effort, several other FEA based design optimization studies have been completed successfully at BD.
- This methodology is very effective, especially when physical prototyping and/or discrete FEA may not be sufficient to yield the desired solution.
- Simulation based optimization offers a novel way to identify innovative product designs and reduce development time and costs.

Using HEEDS with MathCad for Sunglass Bin Door Optimization



HEEDS with MathCad

Conclusion

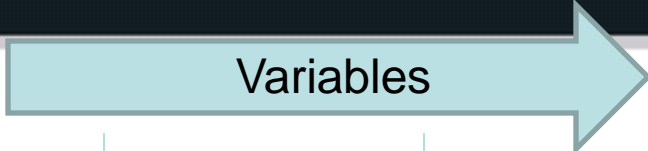
Time Saved

- HEEDS Solution: 24 hrs (8 hrs set-up, 16 hrs run time)
- Manual Solution: ~ 2 weeks
- **Optimized Solution**
 - HEEDS (SHERPA) – expertly searches design space
 - Manual (Engineer) – hard to be sure if optimized
- **HEEDS, coupled with MathCad, not only automates the engineering design process, saving valuable engineering time, it also quickly finds optimal solutions, saving money.**

Understanding the Effect of Vehicle Front End Styling Changes on Flex PLI Injury

Using a Simple Spring Model and HEEDS MDO

HEEDS POST as an Engineering Tool for Balancing Tradeoff between Styling and Safety



Fore-Aft – Absorber
Fore-Aft – Belly Pan

Up-Down – Absorber
Up-Down – Belly Pan

Fore-Aft – Belly Pan
Up-Down – Belly Pan

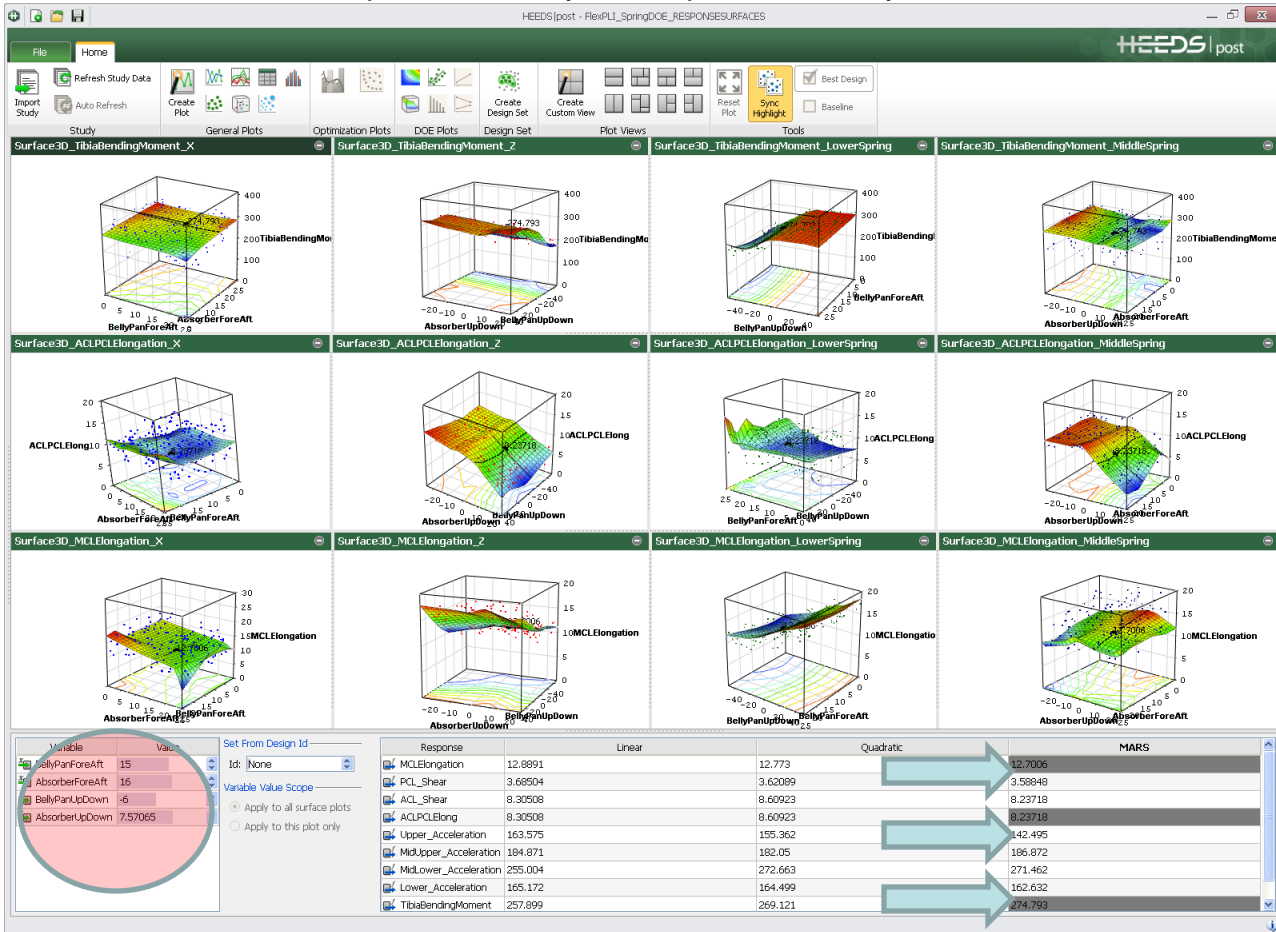
Fore-Aft – Absorber
Up-Down – Absorber



Tibia Bending Moment

ACL/PCL Elongation

MCL Elongation





**Accelerated Concept
—> to Product Process**

Applied to

FutureSteelVehicle

Nature's Way to Mobility

Manufacturing Solutions - 3B Optimization



**1st HEEDS User Conference
October 17th, 2012**

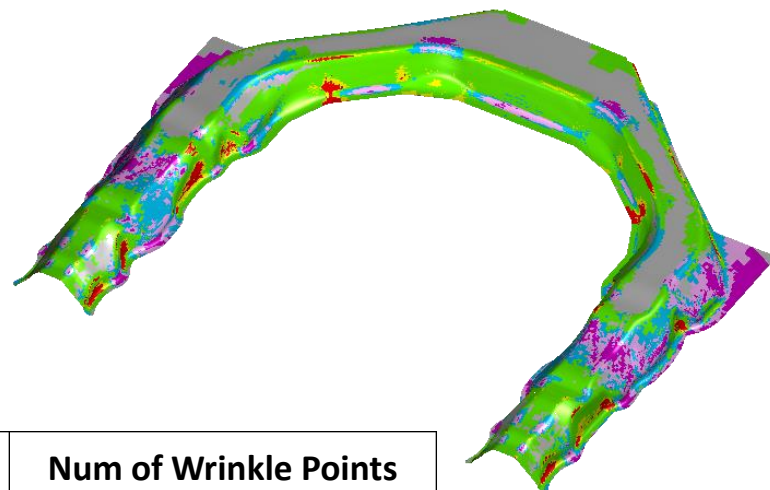
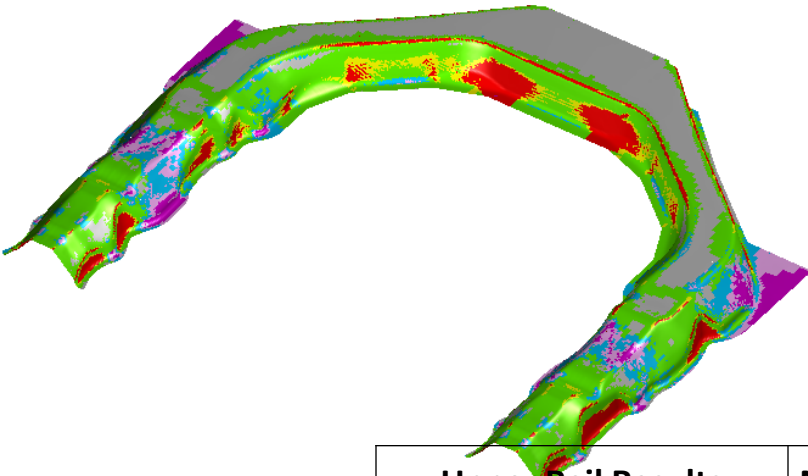
**Jody Shaw, Director, Marketing & Product Development, U. S. Steel
Akbar Farahani, Ph.D , Vice President Engineering , ETA Inc.**



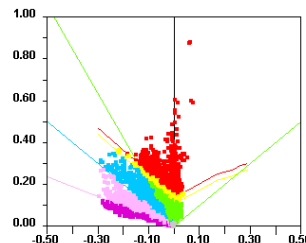
Step2- Upper Rail 3B Forming Process Results

Baseline

Design 1959



Upper Rail Results	Num of Crack Points	Num of Wrinkle Points
		-
Baseline	3017	3253
Design 1959	88	117





Future of Product Design Development Applied to :

FutureSteelVehicle

Nature's Way to Mobility



1st HEEDS User Conference
October 17th, 2012

Akbar Farahani, Ph.D , Vice President Engineering , ETA Inc.
Jody Shaw, Director, Marketing & Product Development, U. S. Steel



Design for Mass Reduction

Raising the Bar in Vehicle Mass Reduction

Baseline:
former, mild
steel design

-25%

-35%



ULSAB, ULSAB-AVC



FutureSteelVehicle
(FSV)

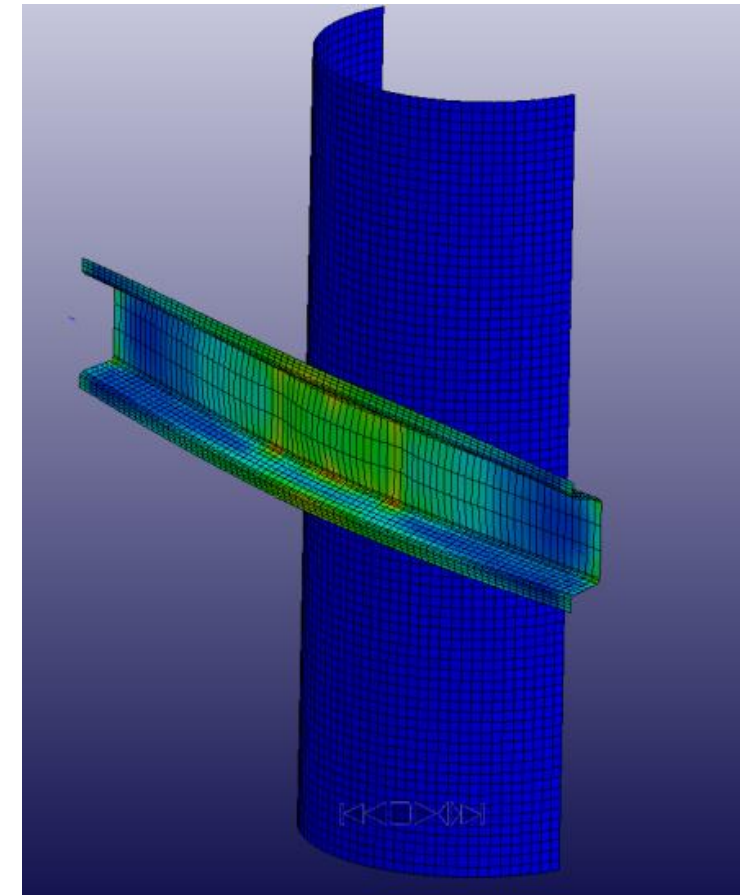
CAE Optimization in the Cloud

rod@totalcae.com



Cloud Case Study

Beam Optimization with HEEDS



Multi-attribute thermal balancing on an electric vehicle, focusing on comfort and fuel economy

Hari Vijay, LMS

WINNING *in the*
NEW WORLD



Optimization for thermal comfort using HEEDS

- ▶ Cold air from the HVAC system is used for cabin cooling and battery cooling
- ▶ Tuning of the bypass orifice is important for passenger comfort and thermal battery efficiency
- ▶ HEEDS is used for optimizing the bypass valve

